

# Adding and Subtracting Fractions

To add or subtract two fractions with *like denominators*, write the sum or difference of the numerators over the denominator.

**Example 1** Find  $\frac{7}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{7}{12} + \frac{1}{12} &= \frac{7+1}{12} && \text{Add the numerators.} \\ &= \frac{8}{12}, \text{ or } \frac{2}{3} && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

## Adding or Subtracting Fractions with Like Denominators

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}, \text{ where } c \neq 0 \quad \frac{a}{c} - \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a-b}{c}, \text{ where } c \neq 0$$

**Example 2** Find  $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{2}{9}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{7}{9} - \frac{2}{9} &= \frac{7-2}{9} && \text{Subtract the numerators.} \\ &= \frac{5}{9} && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

To add or subtract two fractions with *unlike denominators*, first write equivalent fractions with a common denominator. There are two methods you can use.

## Adding or Subtracting Fractions with Unlike Denominators

**Method 1** Multiply the numerator and the denominator of each fraction by the denominator of the other fraction.

**Method 2** Use the **least common denominator** (LCD). The LCD of two or more fractions is the least common multiple (LCM) of the denominators.

**Example 3** Find  $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{5}{6}$ .

$$\text{Method 1: } \frac{1}{8} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1 \cdot 6}{8 \cdot 6} + \frac{5 \cdot 8}{6 \cdot 8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \frac{6}{48} + \frac{40}{48} && \text{Rewrite using a common denominator of } 8 \cdot 6 = 48. \\ &= \frac{46}{48}, \text{ or } \frac{23}{24} && \text{Multiply. Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

**Example 4** Find  $5\frac{3}{4} - 1\frac{7}{10}$ .

$$\text{Method 2: Rewrite the difference as } \frac{23}{4} - \frac{17}{10}.$$

The LCM of 4 and 10 is 20. So, the LCD is 20.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{23}{4} - \frac{17}{10} &= \frac{23 \cdot 5}{4 \cdot 5} - \frac{17 \cdot 2}{10 \cdot 2} && \text{Rewrite using the LCD, 20.} \\ &= \frac{115}{20} - \frac{34}{20} && \text{Multiply.} \\ &= \frac{81}{20}, \text{ or } 4\frac{1}{20} && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

## Practice

Check your answers at [BigIdeasMath.com](http://BigIdeasMath.com).

### Evaluate.

1.  $\frac{1}{14} + \frac{5}{14}$

2.  $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$

3.  $\frac{9}{10} - \frac{1}{10}$

4.  $\frac{11}{16} - \frac{3}{16}$

5.  $\frac{5}{8} + \frac{7}{8}$

6.  $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$

7.  $\frac{7}{9} + \frac{2}{3}$

8.  $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{4}{7}$

9.  $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{6}$

10.  $\frac{7}{12} - \frac{5}{9}$

11.  $\frac{9}{10} - \frac{5}{6}$

12.  $\frac{5}{12} + \frac{11}{16}$

13.  $2\frac{3}{5} + 1\frac{2}{5}$

14.  $4\frac{6}{7} - 2\frac{4}{7}$

15.  $5\frac{5}{12} + 3\frac{3}{8}$

16.  $8\frac{1}{3} - 3\frac{2}{11}$

17.  $\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{2}{9}$

18.  $4\frac{3}{14} - \frac{1}{7}$

19.  $\frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$

20.  $\frac{13}{16} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{8}$

21.  $2\frac{1}{6} - \frac{5}{9} + \frac{2}{3}$