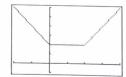
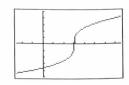
**67.** 
$$y = |x| + |x - 10|$$
 **68.**  $y = 8\sqrt[3]{x - 6}$ 

**68.** 
$$y = 8\sqrt[3]{x - 6}$$

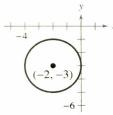




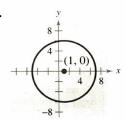
In Exercises 69–78, find the standard form of the equation of the specified circle.

- **69.** Center: (0, 0); radius: 3
- **70.** Center: (0, 0); radius: 5
- **71.** Center: (2, -1); radius: 4
- **72.** Center:  $(0, \frac{1}{3})$ ; radius:  $\frac{1}{3}$
- 73. Center: (-1, 2); solution point: (0, 0)
- **74.** Center: (3, -2); solution point: (-1, 1)
- 75. Endpoints of a diameter: (0, 0), (6, 8)
- **76.** Endpoints of a diameter: (-4, -1), (4, 1)





78.



In Exercises 79-84, find the center and radius, and sketch the graph of the equation.

79. 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

**80.** 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 16$$

81. 
$$(x-1)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 4$$

82. 
$$x^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 1$$

83. 
$$(x-\frac{1}{2})^2+(y-\frac{1}{2})^2=\frac{9}{4}$$

**84.** 
$$(x-2)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 2$$

In Exercises 85 and 86, use a graphing utility to graph  $y_1$  and  $y_2$ . Use a square setting. Identify the graph

**85.** 
$$y_1 = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$
  
 $y_2 = -\sqrt{9 - x^2}$   
**86.**  $y_1 = 2 + \sqrt{16 - (x - 1)^2}$   
 $y_2 = 2 - \sqrt{16 - (x - 1)^2}$ 

In Exercises 87–90, explain how to use a graphing util. ity to verify that  $y_1 = y_2$ . Identify the rule of algebra that is illustrated.

**87.** 
$$y_1 = \frac{1}{4}(x^2 - 8)$$
   
  $y_2 = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - 2$    
 **88.**  $y_1 = \frac{1}{2}x + (x + 1)$    
  $y_2 = \frac{3}{2}x + 1$ 

**88.** 
$$y_1 = \frac{1}{2}x + (x+1)$$
  
 $y_2 = \frac{3}{2}x + 1$ 

**89.** 
$$y_1 = \frac{1}{5}[10(x^2 - 1)]$$

**89.** 
$$y_1 = \frac{1}{5}[10(x^2 - 1)]$$
 **90.**  $y_1 = (x - 3) \cdot \frac{1}{x - 3}$   $y_2 = 2(x^2 - 1)$   $y_2 = 1$ 

91. Depreciation A manufacturing plant purchases a new molding machine for \$225,000. The depreciated value y after t years is given by

$$y = 225,000 - 20,000t, 0 \le t \le 8.$$

Sketch the graph of the equation.

**92.** Dimensions of a Rectangle A rectangle of length x and width w has a perimeter of 12 meters.

- (a) Draw a rectangle that gives a visual representation of the problem. Use the specified variables to label the sides of the rectangle.
- (b) Show that the width of the rectangle is w = 6 - x and its area is A = x(6 - x).
- (c) Use a graphing utility to graph the area equation.
- (d) From the graph of part (c), estimate the dimensions of the rectangle that yield a maximum area.

93. Think About It Suppose you correctly enter an expression for the variable y on a graphing utility. However, no graph appears on the display when you graph the equation. Give a possible explanation and the steps you could take to remedy the problem. Illustrate your explanation with an example.