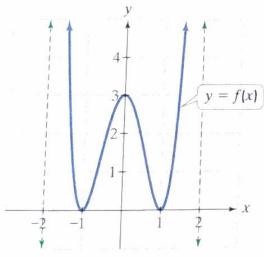
## **CUMULATIVE REVIEW EXERCISES (CHAPTERS 1–3)**

Use the graph of y = f(x) to solve Exercises 1–6.



- 1. Find the domain and the range of f.
- 2. Find the zeros and the least possible multiplicity of each zero.
- 3. Where does the relative maximum occur?
- **4.** Find  $(f \circ f)(-1)$ .
- 5. Use arrow notation to complete this statement:  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  as \_\_\_\_ or as \_\_\_\_
- 6. Graph g(x) = f(x + 2) + 1.

In Exercises 7–12, solve each equation or inequality.

7. 
$$|2x - 1| = 3$$

8. 
$$3x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$$

**9.** 
$$9 + \frac{3}{x} = \frac{2}{x^2}$$

**10.** 
$$x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 6 = 0$$

11. 
$$|2x - 5| > 3$$

12. 
$$3x^2 > 2x + 5$$

In Exercises 13–18, graph each equation in a rectangular coordinate system. If two functions are given, graph both in the same system.

**13.** 
$$f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 4$$

**14.** 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 8$$

**15.** 
$$f(x) = x^2(x-3)$$

**16.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x-2}$$

17. 
$$f(x) = |x|$$
 and  $g(x) = -|x| - 1$ 

**18.** 
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 4 = 0$$

In Exercises 19–20, let  $f(x) = 2x^2 - x - 1$  and g(x) = 4x - 1.

**19.** Find 
$$(f \circ g)(x)$$
.

**20.** Find 
$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$
.