7. When solving

$$\begin{cases} x = 3y + 2 \\ 5x - 15y = 10 \end{cases}$$

by the substitution method, we obtain 10 = 10, so the solution set is _ The equations in this system are called ______ If vou attempt to solve such a system by graphing, you will obtain two lines that _

8. A company's _____ function is the money generated by selling x units of its product. The difference between this function and the company's cost function is called its _____ function.

9. A company has a graph that shows the money it generates by selling x units of its product. It also has a graph that shows its cost of producing x units of its product. The point of intersection of these graphs is called the company's _

EXERCISE SET 5.1

Practice Exercises

In Exercises 1-4, determine whether the given ordered pair is a solution of the system.

- 2. (-3,5)1. (2, 3) $\begin{cases} x + 3y = 11 \\ x - 5y = -13 \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} 9x + 7y = 8 \\ 8x - 9y = -69 \end{cases}$
- 3.(2,5)4. (8.5) $\begin{cases} 5x - 4y = 20\\ 3y = 2x + 1 \end{cases}$

In Exercises 5–18, solve each system by the substitution method.

- 5. $\begin{cases} x + y = 4 \\ y = 3x \end{cases}$
- 7. $\begin{cases} x + 3y = 8 \\ y = 2x 9 \end{cases}$
- 8. $\begin{cases} 2x 3y = -13 \\ y = 2x + 7 \end{cases}$
- 9. $\begin{cases} x = 4y 2 \\ x = 6y + 8 \end{cases}$
- 10. $\begin{cases} x = 3y + 7 \\ x = 2y 1 \end{cases}$
- 11. $\begin{cases} 5x + 2y = 0 \\ x 3y = 0 \end{cases}$
- 12. $\begin{cases} 4x + 3y = 0 \\ 2x y = 0 \end{cases}$
- 13. $\begin{cases} 2x + 5y = -4 \\ 3x y = 11 \end{cases}$
- **14.** $\begin{cases} 2x + 5y = 1 \\ -x + 6y = 8 \end{cases}$

- 17. $\begin{cases} y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3} \\ y = \frac{5}{7}x 2 \end{cases}$
- 18. $\begin{cases} y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2 \\ y = \frac{3}{4}x + 7 \end{cases}$

In Exercises 19-30, solve each system by the addition method.

- 19. $\begin{cases} x + y = 1 \\ x y = 3 \end{cases}$
- 21. $\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 6 \\ 2x 3y = 6 \end{cases}$
- **22.** $\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = 14 \\ 3x 2y = 10 \end{cases}$
- $23. \begin{cases} x + 2y = 2 \\ -4x + 3y = 25 \end{cases}$
- **24.** $\begin{cases} 2x 7y = 2 \\ 3x + y = -20 \end{cases}$
- 25. $\begin{cases} 4x + 3y = 15 \\ 2x 5y = 1 \end{cases}$
- **26.** $\begin{cases} 3x 7y = 13 \\ 6x + 5y = 7 \end{cases}$
- $27. \begin{cases} 3x 4y = 11 \\ 2x + 3y = -4 \end{cases}$

29. $\begin{cases} 3x = 4y + 1 \\ 3y = 1 - 4x \end{cases}$ 30. $\begin{cases} 5x = 6y + 40 \\ 2y = 8 - 3x \end{cases}$

In Exercises 31-42, solve by the method of your choice. Identify systems with no solution and systems with infinitely many solutions, using set notation to express their solution sets.

- 33. $\begin{cases} y = 3x 5 \\ 21x 35 = 7y \end{cases}$
- $34. \begin{cases} 9x 3y = 12 \\ y = 3x 4 \end{cases}$
- 35. $\begin{cases} 3x 2y = -5 \\ 4x + y = 8 \end{cases}$
- $36. \begin{cases} 2x + 5y = -4 \\ 3x y = 11 \end{cases}$
- 37. $\begin{cases} x + 3y = 2 \\ 3x + 9y = 6 \end{cases}$
- $38. \begin{cases} 4x 2y = 2 \\ 2x y = 1 \end{cases}$
- $\mathbf{39.} \begin{cases} \frac{x}{4} \frac{y}{4} = -1\\ x + 4y = -9 \end{cases}$
- 40. $\begin{cases} \frac{x}{6} \frac{y}{2} = \frac{1}{3} \\ x + 2y = -3 \end{cases}$
- 41. $\begin{cases} 2x = 3y + 4 \\ 4x = 3 5y \end{cases}$
- 42. $\begin{cases} 4x = 3y + 8 \\ 2x = -14 + 5y \end{cases}$

In Exercises 43-46, let x represent one number and let y represent the other number. Use the given conditions to write a system of equations. Solve the system and find the numbers.

- 43. The sum of two numbers is 7. If one number is subtracted from the other, their difference is -1. Find the numbers.
- 44. The sum of two numbers is 2. If one number is subtracted from the other, their difference is 8. Find the numbers.
- 45. Three times a first number decreased by a second number is 1. The first number increased by twice the second number is 12. Find the numbers.
- 46. The sum of three times a first number and twice a second number is 8. If the second number is subtracted from twice the first number, the result is 3. Find the numbers.

Practice Plus

In Exercises 47-48, solve each system by the method of your choice.

- 47. $\begin{cases} \frac{x+2}{2} \frac{y+4}{3} = 3\\ \frac{x+y}{3} = \frac{x-y}{3} \frac{5}{3} \end{cases}$ 48. $\begin{cases} \frac{x-y}{3} = \frac{x+y}{2} \frac{1}{2}\\ \frac{x+2}{3} 4 = \frac{y+4}{3} \end{cases}$