$$a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$$

$$a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$$
 $a_n = a_1 + d(n-1)$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} (a_1 + a_n)$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + a_n)$$
 $S_n = \frac{a_1(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}$

1. Write the first 5 terms of each sequence whose general term is given: (assume n begins with 1)

a)
$$a_n = 3n - 1$$

b)
$$a_n = \frac{n!}{n+1}$$

c)
$$a_n = \frac{2n-1}{n+3}$$

2. Write the first 5 terms of each recursive sequence whose general term is given: (assume n begins with 1)

a)
$$a_1 = 5$$
, $a_{k+1} = a_k + 3$

b)
$$a_1 = 3$$
, $a_{k+1} = 2a_k + 1$

a)
$$a_1 = 5$$
, $a_{k+1} = a_k + 3$ b) $a_1 = 3$, $a_{k+1} = 2a_k + 1$ c) $a_1 = 10$, $a_{k+1} = 2(a_k - 3)$

3. Calculate each sum:

a)
$$\sum_{i=3}^{7} 3i$$

b)
$$\sum_{i=1}^{5} (2i)^2 + 1$$

b)
$$\sum_{i=1}^{5} (2i)^2 + 1$$
 c) $\sum_{i=1}^{5} 3i^2 - 10$

4. Express the sum using summation notation. Use 1 for the lower limit of summation and use i for the index of summation

a)
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{5} + \dots + \frac{10}{12}$$

a)
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{5} + \dots + \frac{10}{12}$$
 b) $\frac{1^2 + 3}{5} + \frac{2^2 + 3}{5} + \frac{3^2 + 3}{5} + \dots + \frac{11^2 + 3}{5}$ c) $\frac{4}{3+1} + \frac{4}{3+2} + \frac{4}{3+3} + \dots + \frac{4}{3+20}$

c)
$$\frac{4}{3+1} + \frac{4}{3+2} + \frac{4}{3+3} + \dots + \frac{4}{3+20}$$

5. Write the first five terms of each arithmetic sequence.

a)
$$a_1 = 2, d = 7$$

b)
$$a_1 = 38, d = -3$$
 c) $a_1 = 5, d = 3$

c)
$$a_1 = 5, d = 1$$

6. Find the indicated term of each arithmetic sequence.

a) Find
$$a_{18}$$
 when $a_1 = 5$ and $d = 3$.

b) Find
$$a_{21}$$
 when $a_1 = 7$ and $d = -3$.

c) Find
$$a_{30}$$
 when $a_1 = 14$ and $d = 7$.

d) Find
$$a_{25}$$
 when $a_1 = 45$ and $d = -4$.

7. Write a formula for the nth term of each of the following arithmetic sequences. Do not use a recursion formula.

8. Find the following sums:

a) Find the sum of the first 50 terms of the following arithmetic sequence having $a_1 = 12$ and d = 3

b) Find the sum of the first 30 terms of the following arithmetic sequence: 28, 26, 24, 22, 20,...

c) Find the sum of the first 45 terms of the following arithmetic sequence: 12, 15, 18, 21, 24,...

9. A theater has 30 seats in the first row and 50 rows in all. Each successive row contains two additional seats. How many seats are in the theater?

10. A brick staircase has a total of 15 steps. The bottom step requires 108 bricks. Each successive step requires 5 fewer bricks than the prior one. How many bricks are required to build the staircase?